



Determining Visible Opacity of Emissions Using the Digital Opacity Compliance System II

**Look Out EPA Method 9, Here Comes the Digital Equivalent
(Finally)**

E2S2 Conference Denver

**Steve Rasmussen
Hill AFB**

Steve.rasmussen@hill.af.mil

**Shawn Dolan
Virtual Technology LLC
shawn.dolan@virtualc.com**

www.virtualc.com

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TECHNICAL APPROACH

- DoD Recognition of the Costs and Subjectivity of Method 9 Monitoring Motivated Development of an Alternative Means of Measuring Visible Opacity.
- The DOCS II Technology Rapidly Characterizes Emissions Using:
 - Commercial-Off-The-Shelf Digital Camera
 - Standard Computer
 - DOCS II Emission Characterization Software



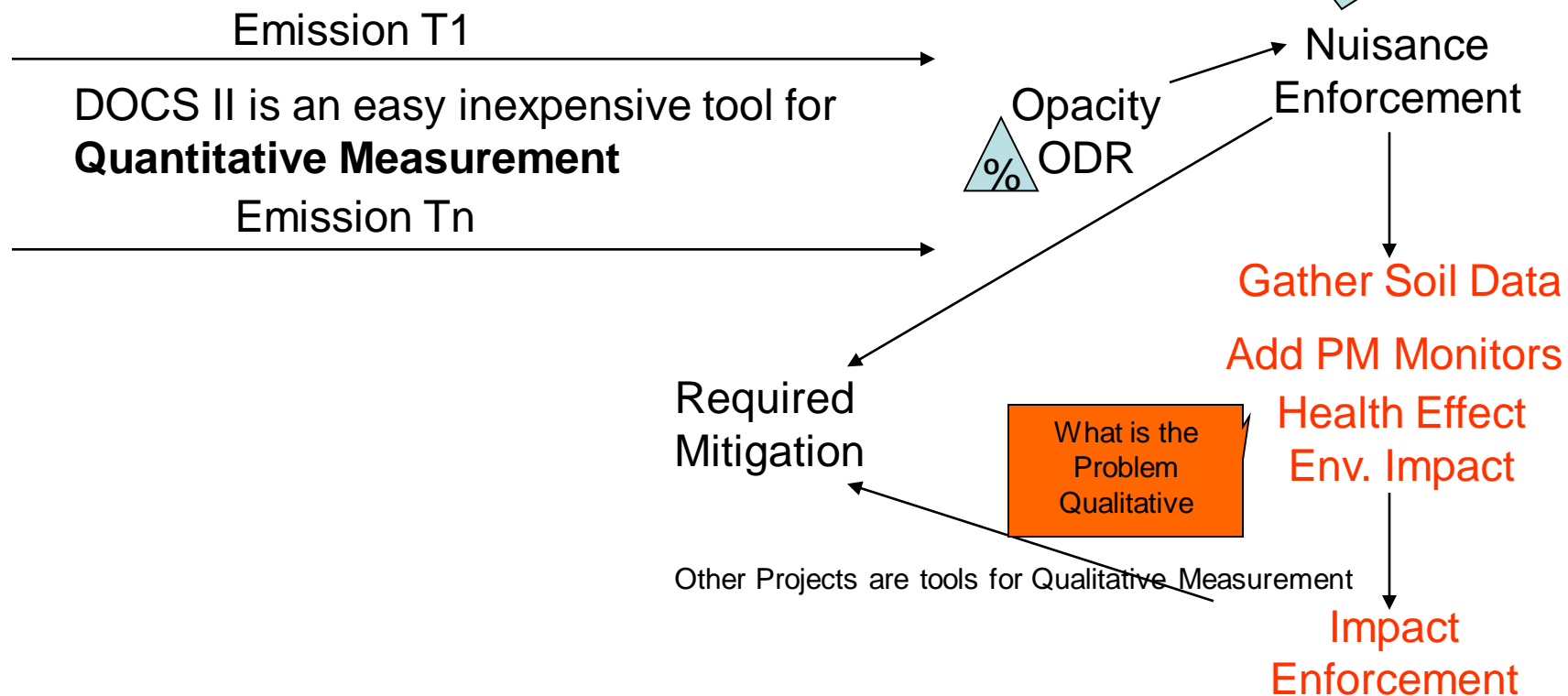
Characterization of Visible Emissions to Determine Opacity Compliance ²



DOCS II is Nuisance Characterization



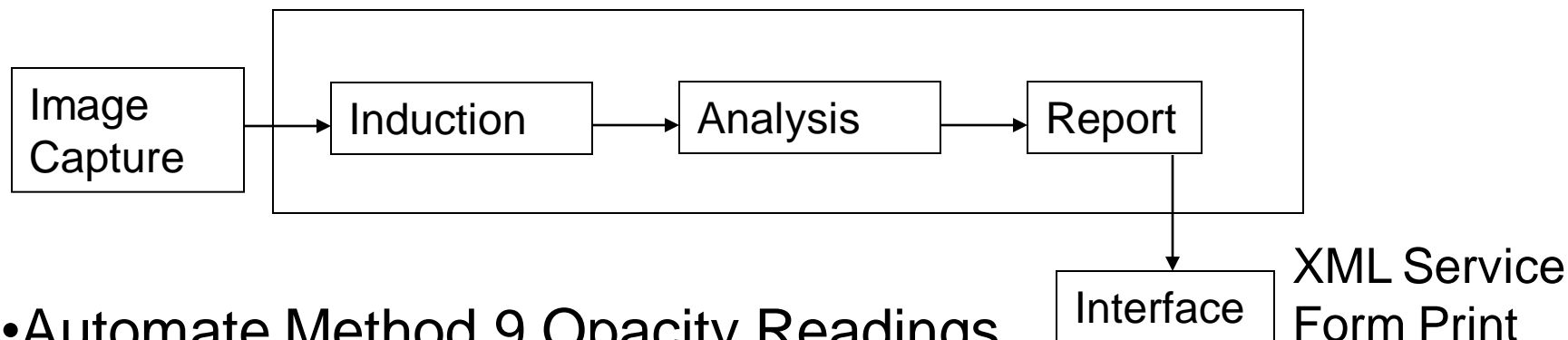
Quantitative versus Qualitative



Nuisance Characterization of Visible Emissions for Compliance and Permitting

EPA's Method 9 is used to Quantitatively Assess Visible Emissions

DOCS II Flow



- Automate Method 9 Opacity Readings
- Provide Compliance Records
- Maintain Credible Evidence

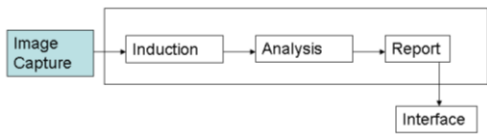
Fast, Easy, Reliable, Repeatable, Nuisance Characterization of Visible Emissions

TECHNICAL APPROACH

Image Capture



DOCS Flow



=

JPG EXIF Example

[Nikon3.Quality]	] = NORMAL
[Nikon3.WhiteBalance]	] = AUTO
[Nikon3.Sharpening]	] = AUTO
[Nikon3.Focus]	] = AF-S
[Nikon3.FlashSetting]	] = NORMAL
[Nikon3.x000A]	] = 2/231463
[Nikon3.ISOSelection]	] = AUTO
[Nikon3.ThumbOffset]	] = 842
[Nikon3.x001A]] =
[Nikon3.ImageAdjustment]	] = AUTO
[Nikon3.AuxiliaryLens]	] = OFF
[Nikon3.FocusDistance]	] = 714/365061
[Nikon3.DigitalZoom]	] = 1/722
[Nikon3.AFFocusPos]	] = x00010000
[Nikon3.SceneMode]] =
[Nikon3.Saturation]	] = 0
[Nikon3.NoiseReduction]	] = OFF
[Nikon3.ColorBalance2]	] = x0000020C
[Nikon3.x009B]	] = 0, 0
[Nikon3.x009C]] =
[Nikon3.x009D]	] = 0
[Nikon3.x009E]	] = 0, 356, 0, 5, 2, 13, 0, 364, 0, 6
[Nikon3.x009F]	] = 2

- **Camera**
 - Min Specifications 2 Mega Pixel (“off the shelf”)
 - Refresh Rate Less Than 5 sec.
 - All Brand Specific Features (off)
- **Image, JPG Standard (ISO/IEC IS 10918-1)**
 - Images from Cameras (EXIF)
 - Meta-Data Attributes Identify Camera Settings
 - Pixel Values Set, JPG Compressed
- **Center Plume in Frame with Background**

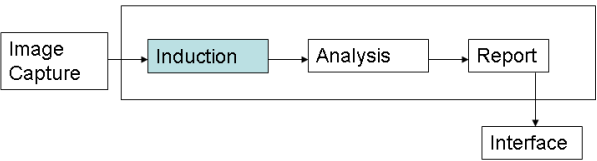
Images From a Safe Distance Capture The Plume and Background

TECHNICAL APPROACH

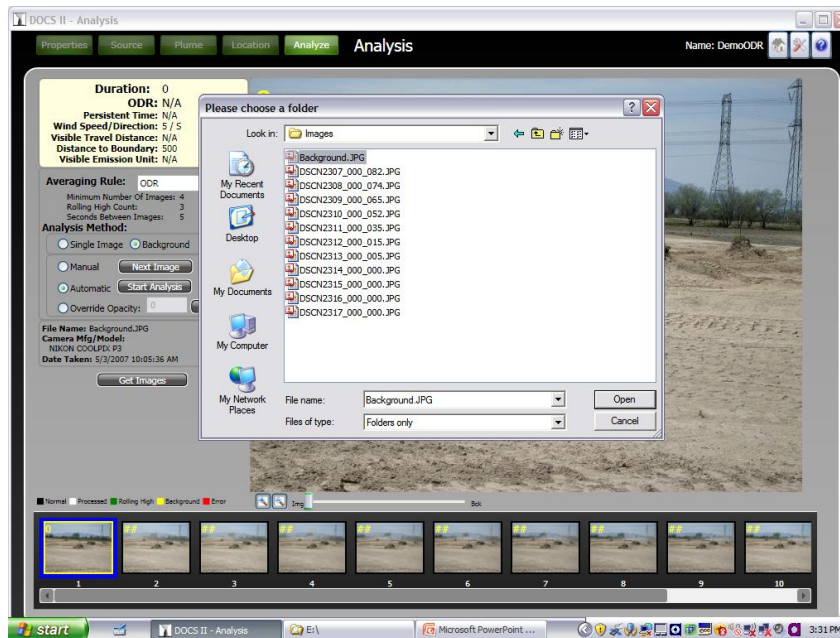
Induction



DOCS Flow



- Method 9, 24 Image Minimum
- Dust Opacity, 2 Image Min.
- Opacity Dissipation Rate, 4 Image Min.



- Registration Method
 - Minimization of Variance
 - Same Camera Angle
 - Same Basic Image
 - Difference is Emission
- EXIF Meta Data Cross Check
 - Same Camera
 - Same Settings
 - Checks "Rule" Tolerances

Minimization of Variance Method
(registration algorithm +/- .5 pixel)

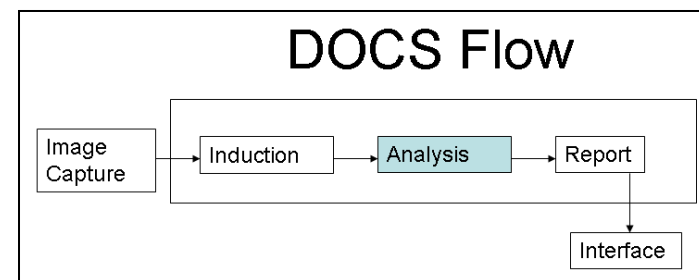
Background Effects Neutralized and Emission Isolated

Analysis Theory

Opacity Causes:

- Loss of color
- Loss of detail

Must Quantify both for a valid automated opacity determination



Heavy Dust

Little detail
Little color

Time

Dissipating Dust

More detail
More color



TECHNICAL APPROACH

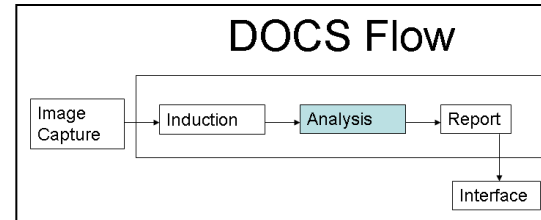


Testing and Validating DOCS



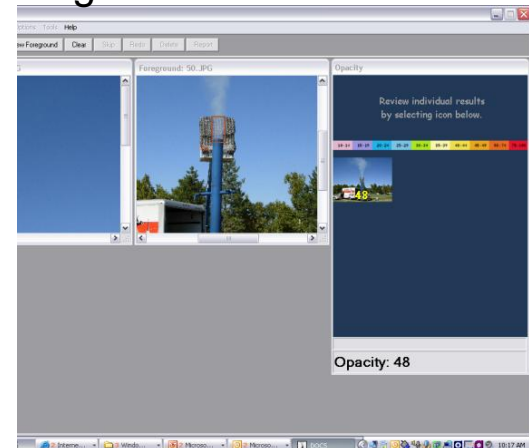
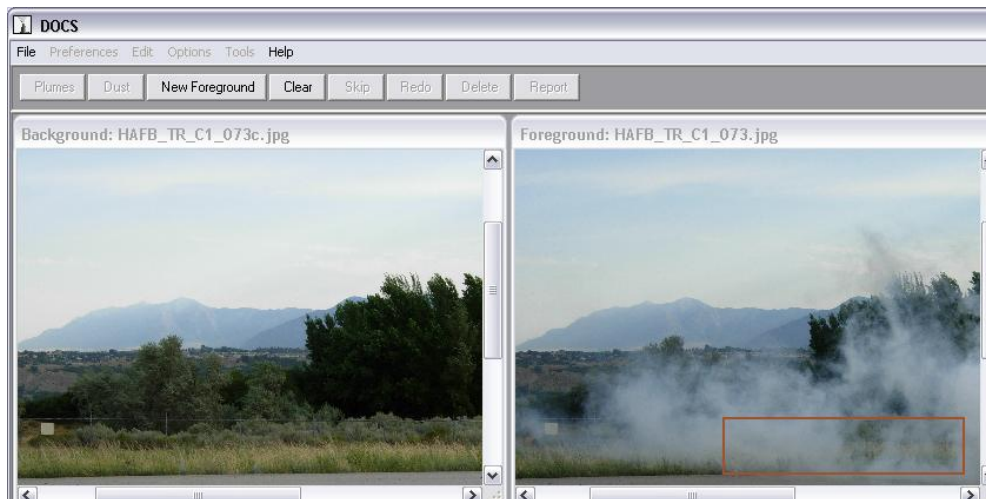
Analysis Controlled

Compared to Certified Opacity Readers
Varying Light and Wind
Precision Variance Within Method:
Multiple DOCS Readings
Multiple Certified Reader Readings
Same Source at Same Time



Analysis Controlled

Using Transmisometer Metered Emissions
Smoke School gave Insight Into Accuracy(+/-5%)



Analysis Field

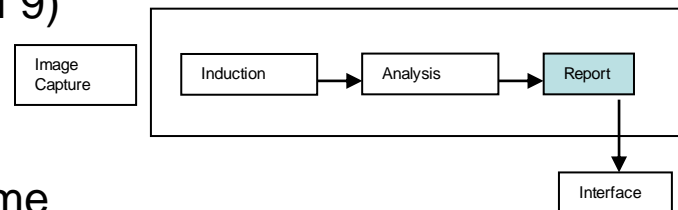
Compared to Certified Opacity Readers
Precision Variance Within Method:
Multiple DOCS Readings
Multiple Certified Reader Readings₈
Same Source at Same Time

TECHNICAL APPROACH

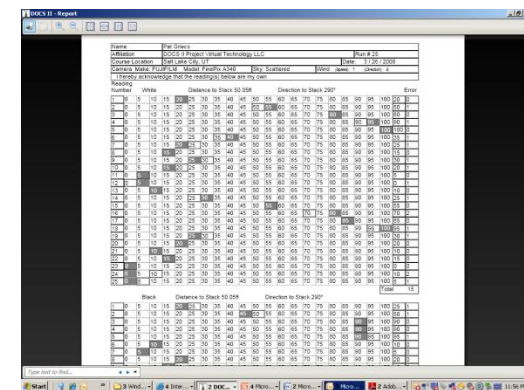
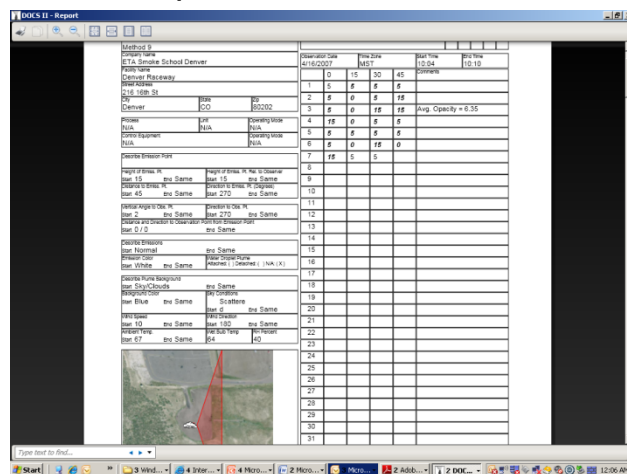
Reports

DOCS II Emissions Reports

- DOCS II Output Characterization For Visible Emission Sources:
 - Opacity of Image Being Reviewed and Site Field Report (Method 9 Format)
 - Average Opacity Over a Series of Images (Method 9)
 - Opacity Change Over a Series of Images
 - Time Change over a Series of Images
 - Opacity Rate of Change Over Series of Images/Time
 - (Future VEU) "Risk of Nuisance Visibility at a Boundary"
Requires: Wind Direction and Speed, Location Relative to Boundary



Opacity Observation
XML with Images &
all Reference Data



Certification Report

DOCS II Enhancements for Fugitive Emissions

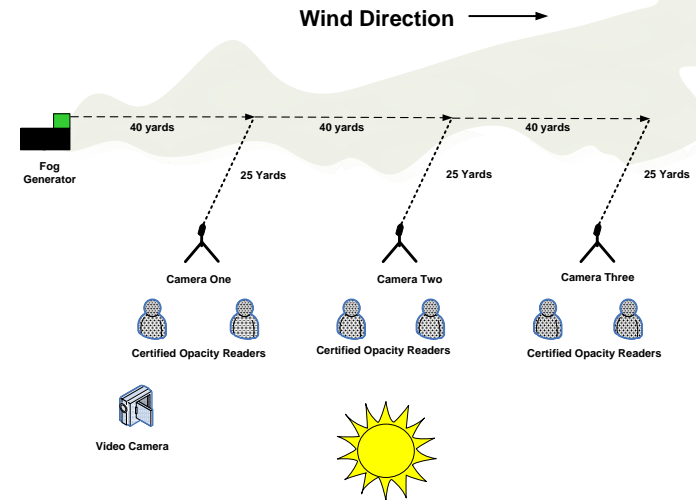
- **Fugitive Emissions Have Varying Background**
- Address Background Difference
 - Before and After Image Alignment
 - Isolation of Emission Plume
 - Registration of Plume to Background
- **Fugitive Emission Characterization Requirements**
 - Transient Nature
 - Opacity Compliance Regulations
 - Visibility Compliance Regulations
 - Boundary Visibility “Nuisance” Regulation
- **DOCS Comparison to Known Requirements**
 - Transient Nature Addressed
 - Opacity Compliance Requirement Addressed
 - Visibility Compliance Requirement Addressed (ODR)
 - Boundary Visibility Requirement Addressed



DOCS II Fugitive Emissions Demonstrations and Validation

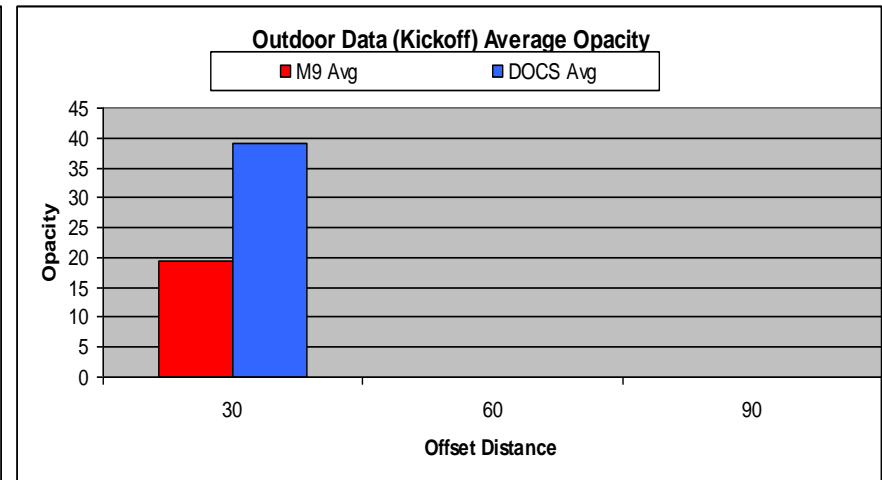
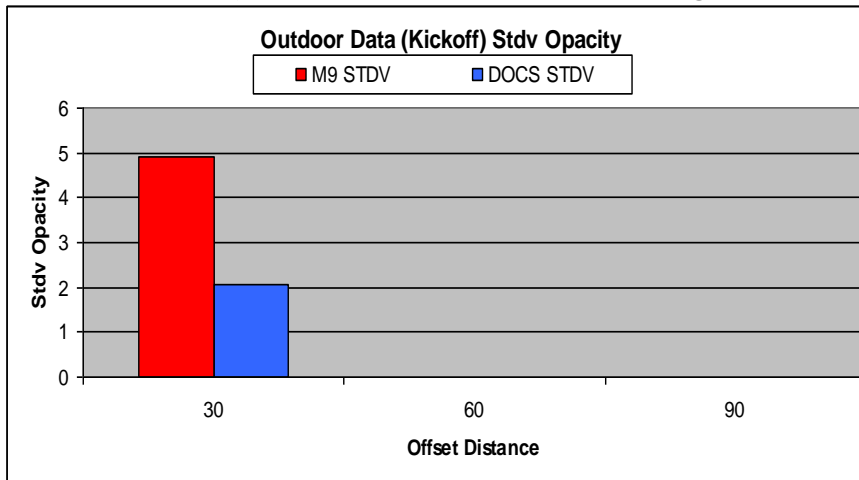
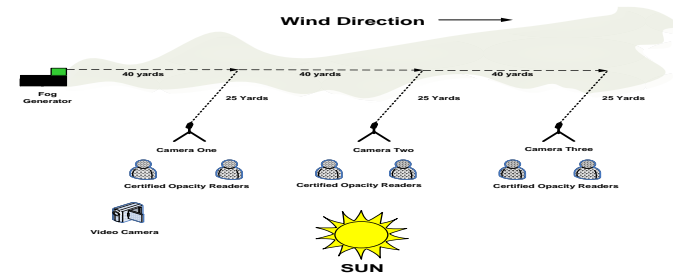


- Review of Requirements
 - Technical Interchange Outcome
 - Change Requirements
 - Like Existing Method
 - Easy to Adopt
 - Adopted in Permits
 - Boundary Requirements Require
 - Persistence Measurement



DOCS II Emissions Hill Outdoor 1 Analysis 08 15 06

- Generated Plume Not in Line With Targets Resulting in:
 - Inability to Cross Check Method 9 Readings
 - Where Was the M9 Reading Taken?
 - Relative to Where DOCS Reading Taken?
 - Wind Blew Smoke Beyond Targets at 60, 90, ft No Opacity Recorded
 - Inability to Establish limits of Light or Wind



Validate DOCS II for Regulatory Acceptance

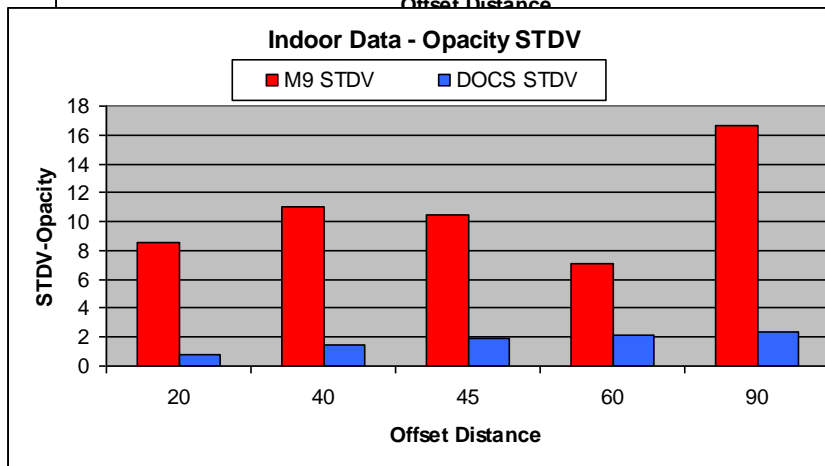
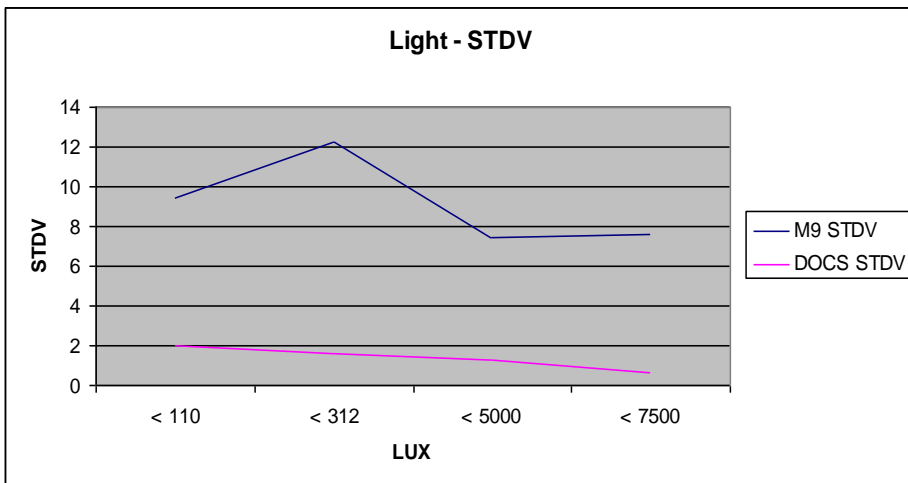
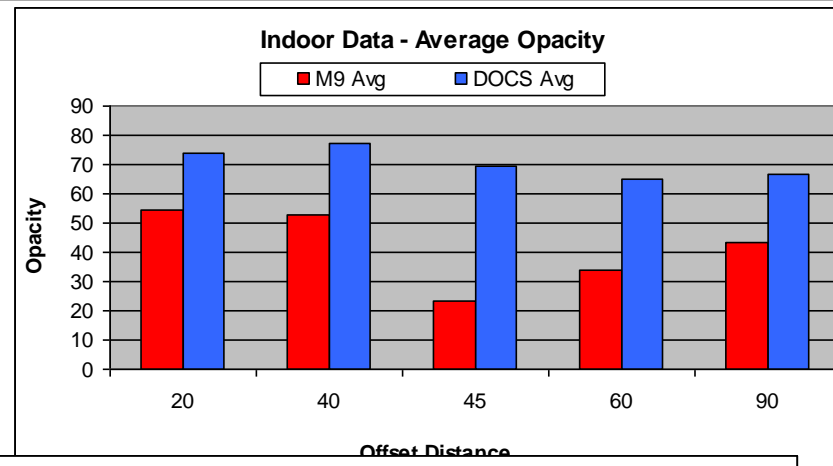
Requested to Find Light and Wind Limits

Requested to Define Persistence of Emission

DOCS II Fugitive Emissions Hill Indoor Analysis 09 01 06, 11 09 06



- Light Limit >200 LUX
- Wind Limit Between 1 and 15 mph
- Higher Light Less Variance
- Accuracy Could not be Determined
 - Even With Targets In Place
Readers Eyes Follow Plume



Validate DOCS II for Regulatory Acceptance

Defined Light and Wind Limits

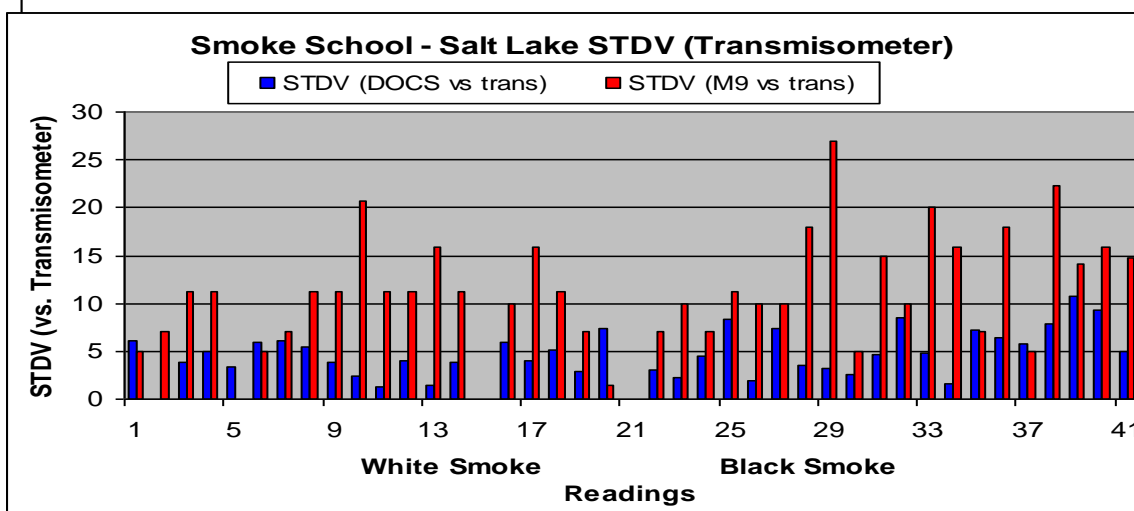
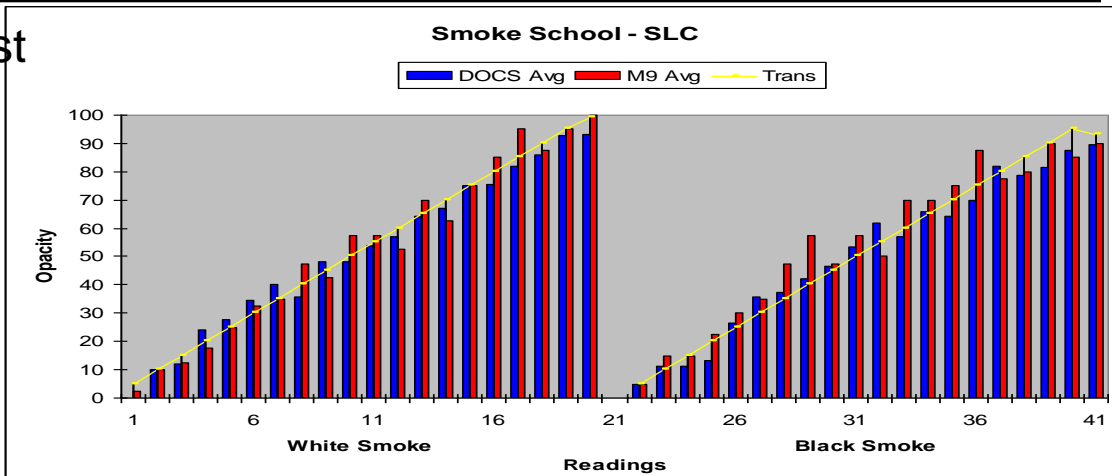
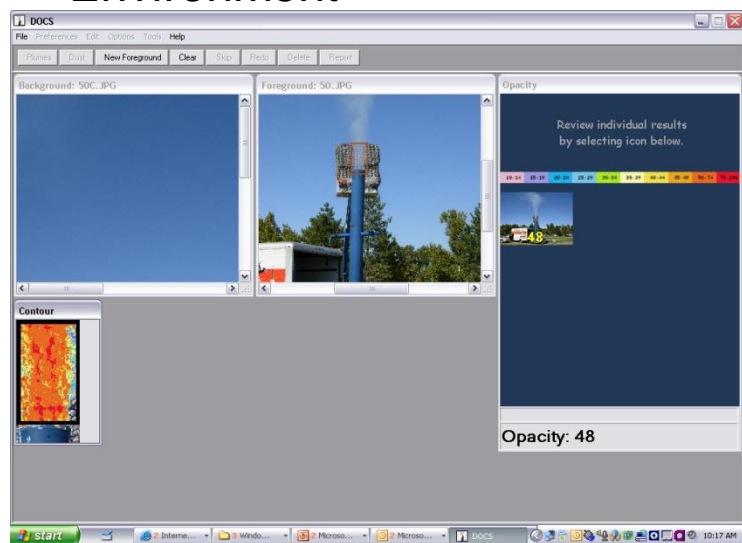
Precision Validated



DOCS II Fugitive Emissions Smoke School Hill Test 10 19 06



- DOCS II Compared to M9 Against Transmissometer
- Accuracy Established
- Method 9 Certification Distance
 - 45 Feet From Source
- Used Camouflage to Simulate Background of Fugitive Environment



Validate DOCS II for Regulatory Acceptance

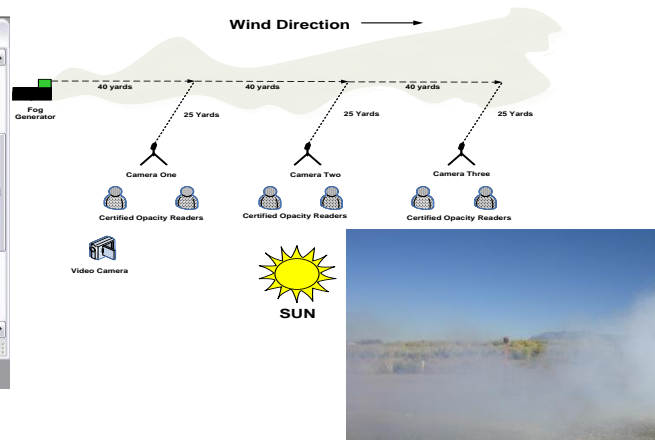
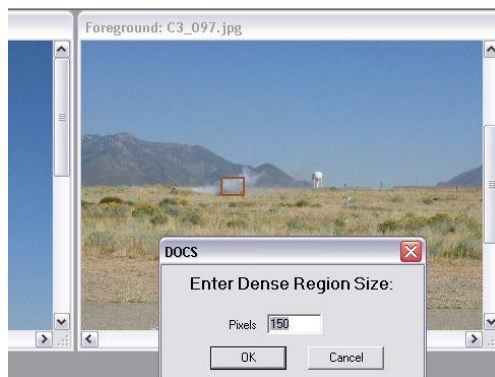
DOCS II Accuracy Validated

DOCS II Fugitive Emissions

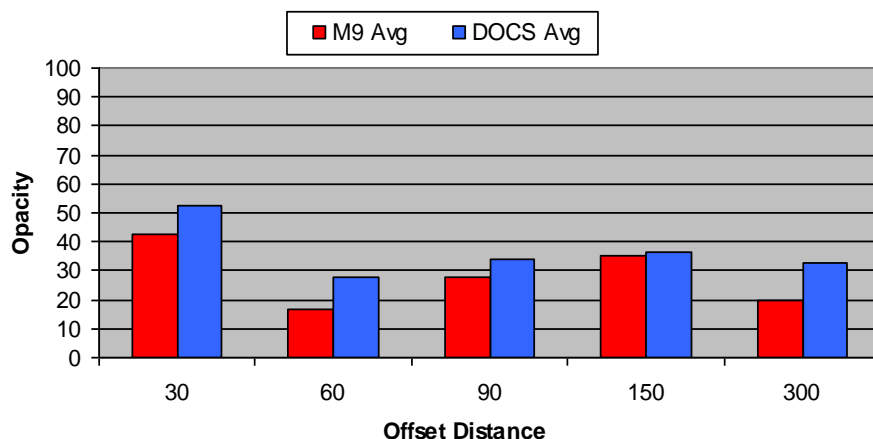
Hill Outdoor 9 25 06, 11 02 06



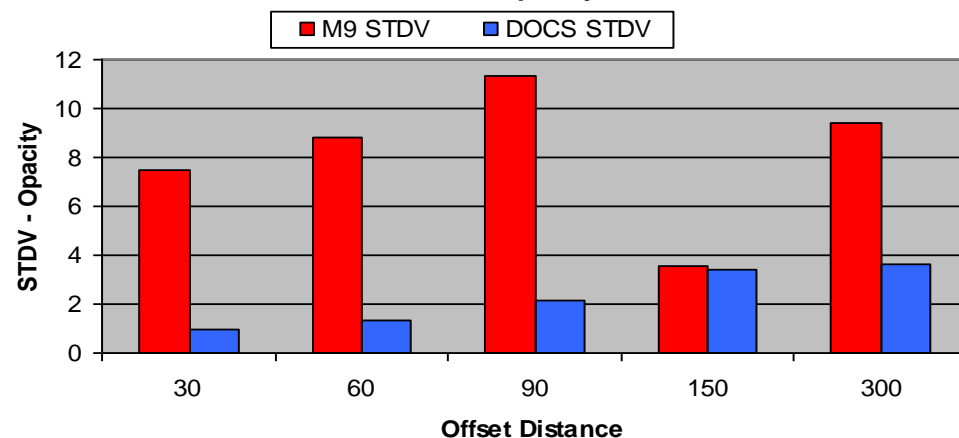
- Compare DOCS II with Method 9 Compliance Conditions
- Constant Source
 - Fog Generator
 - Extreme Distance



Outdoor Data - Average Opacity



Outdoor Data - Opacity STDV



Validate DOCS II for Regulatory Acceptance

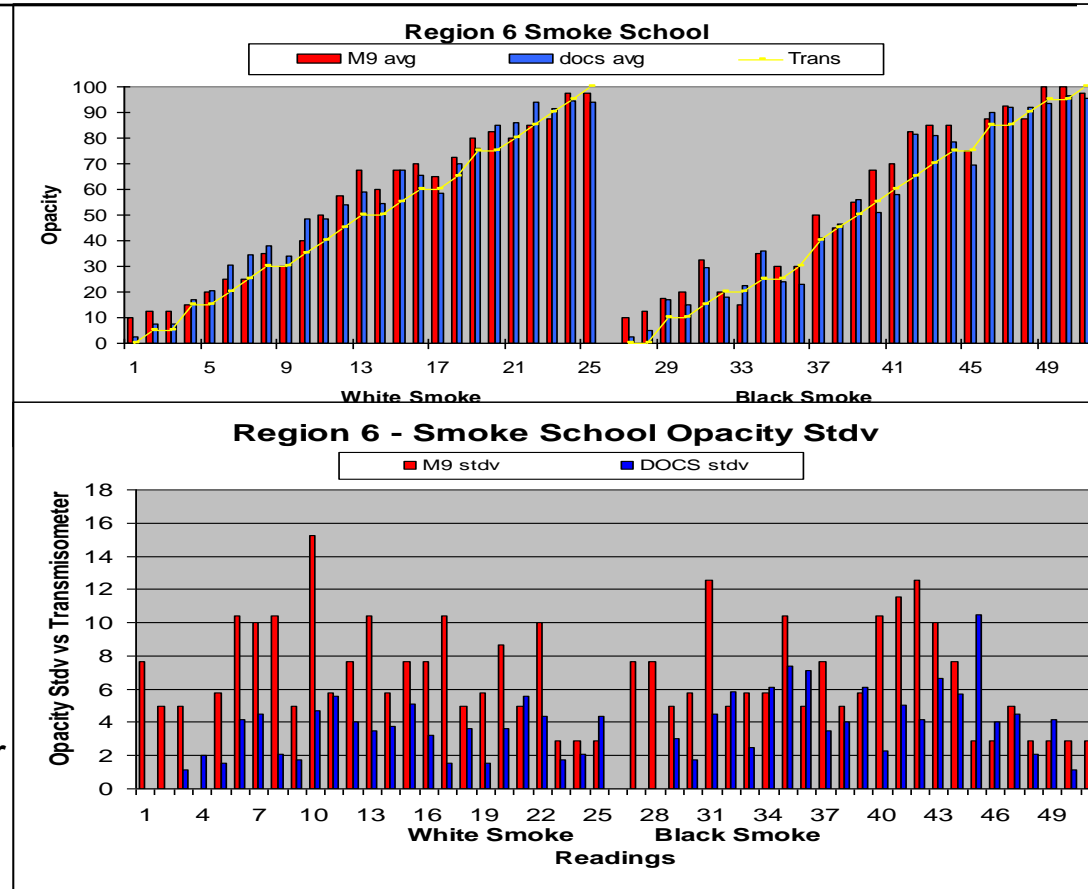
DOCS II Just as Reliable In Compliance Conditions as Method 9



DOCS II Fugitive Emissions Smoke School Region 6 Test 02 20 07



- DOCS II Compared to Known Transmissometer
 - 45 and 90 feet
 - Software Distributed to All Participants
- Validation for TCEQ
 - Revise Ft Hood Tile V to Include DOCS II Implementation and Training
 - Implementation through use of Method 9 users first year DOCS school after that.
 - DOCS School currently under development

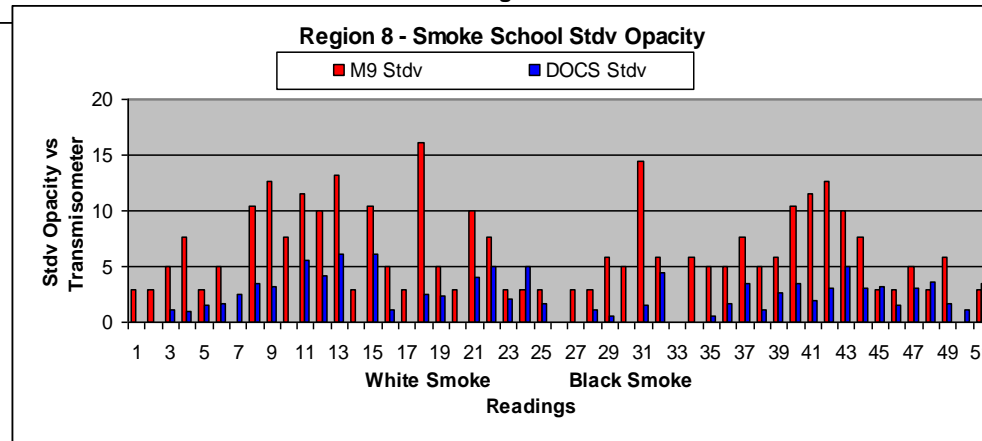
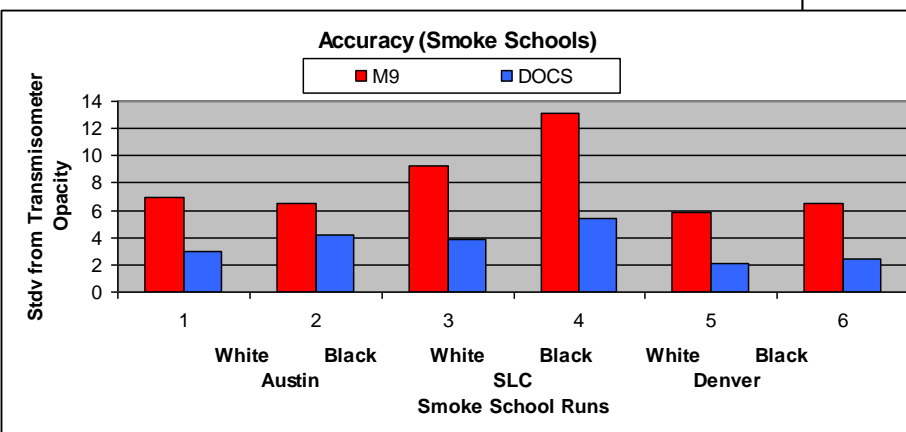
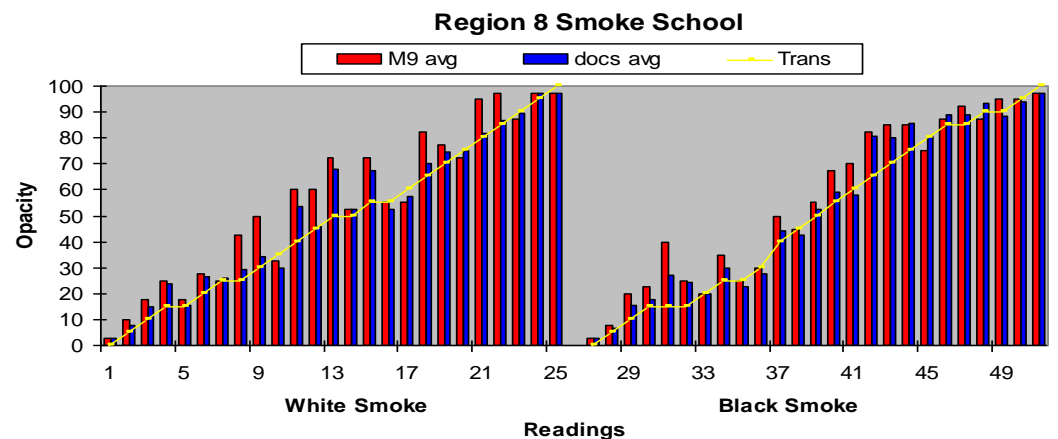




DOCS II Fugitive Emissions Smoke School Region 8 Test 04 17 07



- Compare DOCS II to Method 9 With a Known Opacity Source
 - DOCS II Accuracy Better
 - DOCS II Precision Better
 - Method 9 Individual Readings
 - Much More Error Than DOCS II
 - Averaged With Multiple Readers
 - Very Close to DOCS II



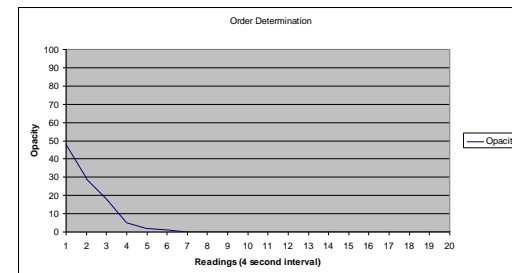
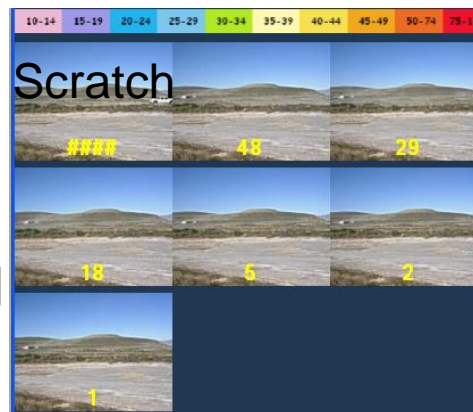
Validation of DOCS II Capability

Average Accuracy Validated, Instantaneous Capability Established

DOCS II Passed Smoke School Just Like Method 9 Readers

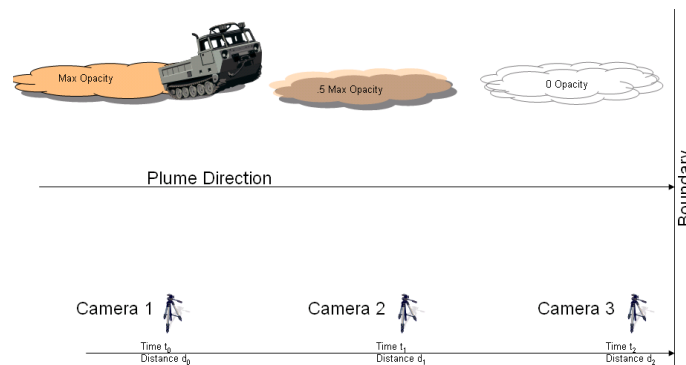
DOCS II Fugitive Emissions ODR Test 4 13 07

- Minimized scale of test to define better define req.
- **Identified Requirements**
 - Source Dissipates Too Fast 17 Seconds to Zero adjusted to every 4 seconds
 - Reading Every 15 Seconds for 6 Min. Like M9 Can Not Be Used
 - Event Definition Images Every 4 sec. High Opacity = Start, Below 2 opacity = End
- Opacity Decay Linear Until Very Low Visibility >3%



Calculated ODR Duration @ Distance:

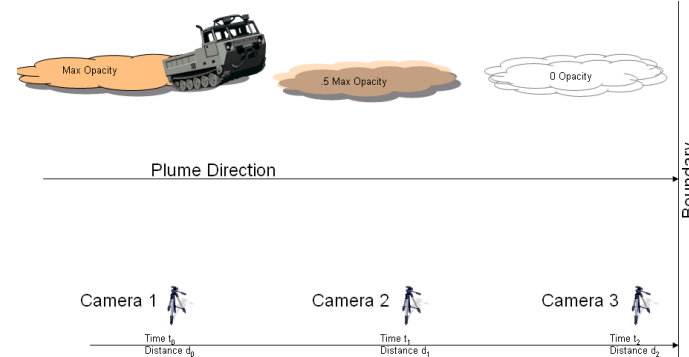
- Half Life: 8.5 Seconds and @ 150 ft
- Life: 17 Seconds and @ 300ft



DOCS II Fugitive Emissions ODR Test 4 13 07



Source
62%
D=0
T=0



Opacity Half
Distance 150'
Time 8.5 sec
25%

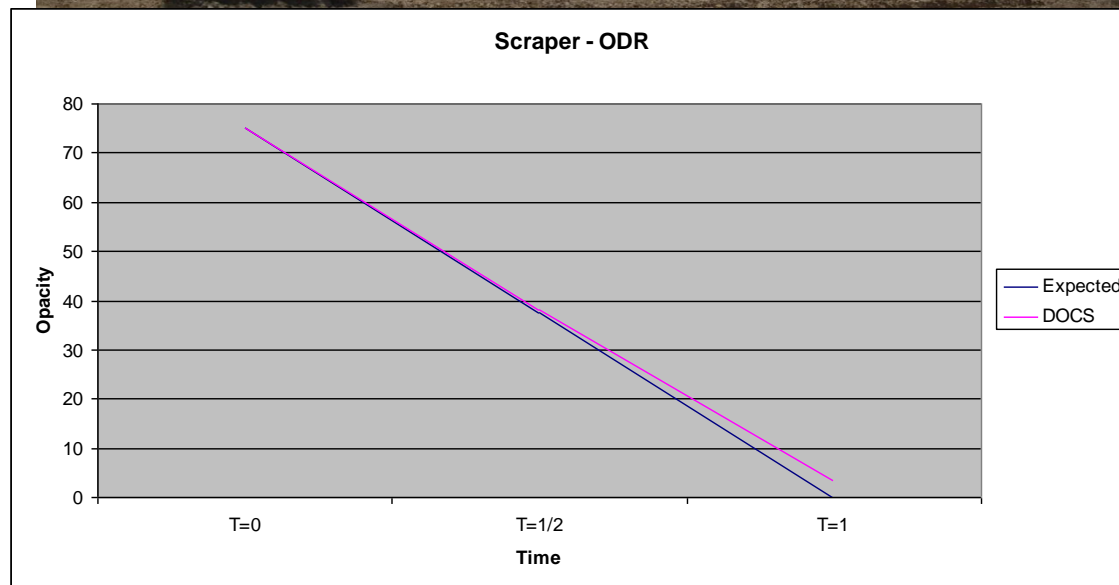
Opacity Zero
Distance 300'
Time 17 sec
0%

Conclusions:

- Linear Dissipation Valid
- Reynolds Numbers (Mixing) Not Needed
- Plan Revisions Required to Reduce Sequence to 5 sec
Start = First Image
End = Fourth Image

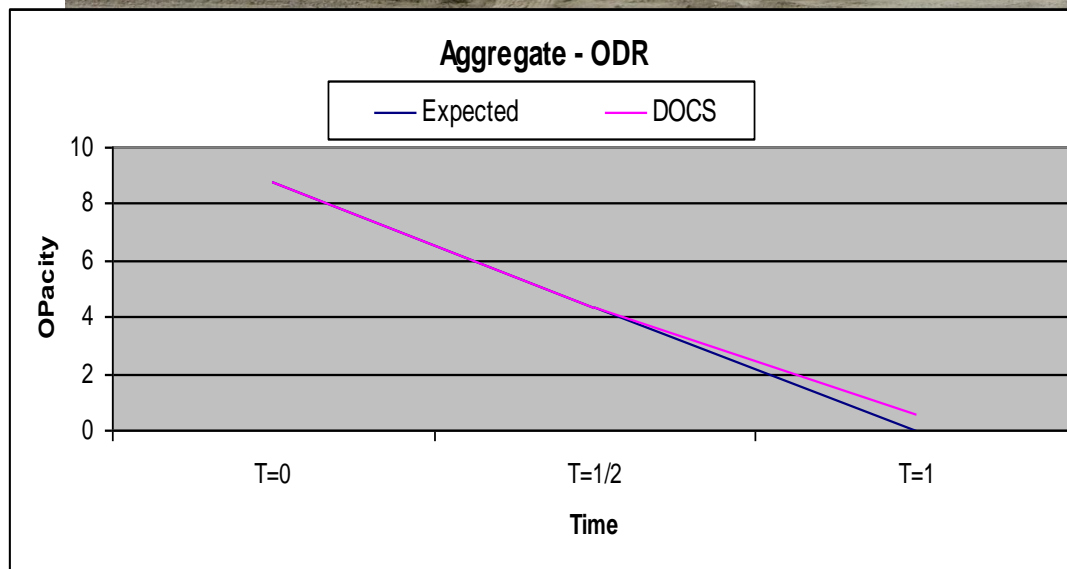
DOCS II Fugitive Emissions ODR Test 5 5 07

- Scraper at Hill AFB
 - 4 Images 5 sec Apart (5 in set)
 - ODR Validation
- Linear Dissipation Valid To Below Visible
- Reynolds Numbers (Mixing) Not Needed
- Can Accurately Predict how fast ‘Visible Emission’ will Persist



DOCS II Fugitive Emissions ODR Test 5 5 07

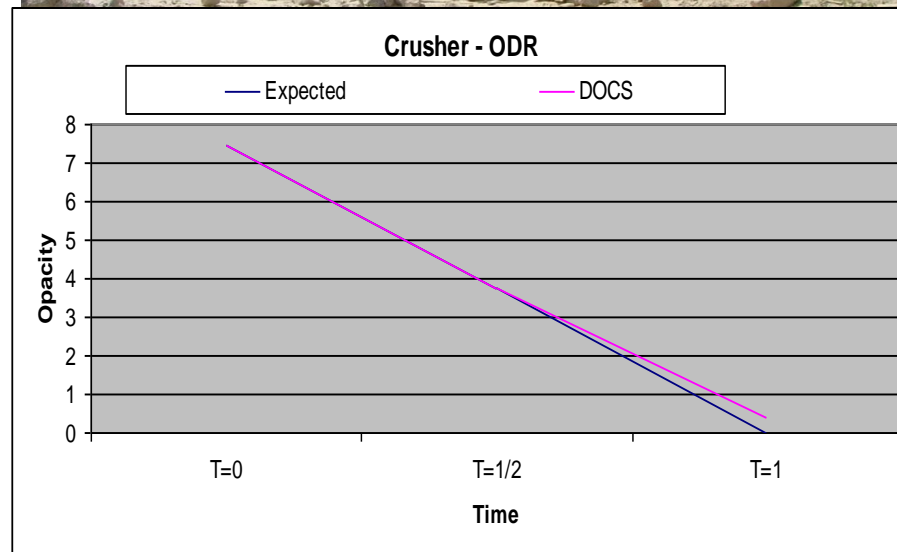
- Aggregate Handling Hill AFB
 - 4 Images 5 sec Apart (5 in set)
 - ODR Validation
- Linear Dissipation Valid
- Validated Capability to Accurately Determine the Persistence of Opacity



DOCS II Fugitive Emissions ODR Test 5 5 07

Continuous Source Test To CA Rules

- Comparison to CA Continuous Method For Continuous Sources
- Event Start at T=0 and End T=60 min.
- Readings Every 15 sec. for Hour
 - Average of 3 min From High Opacity
(12 readings) = Opacity
- Event Start at T=0 and End T=60 min, Images every 15 sec. (241 to set), High Opacity Image Plus Previous 5 and Next 6 (12 readings) to Compare to Human Readings, High Opacity Image Plus Next 6 used for ODR calc.



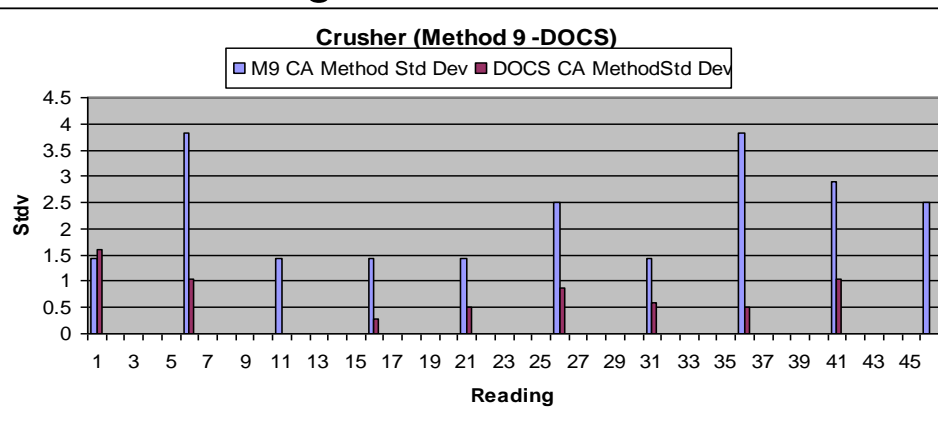
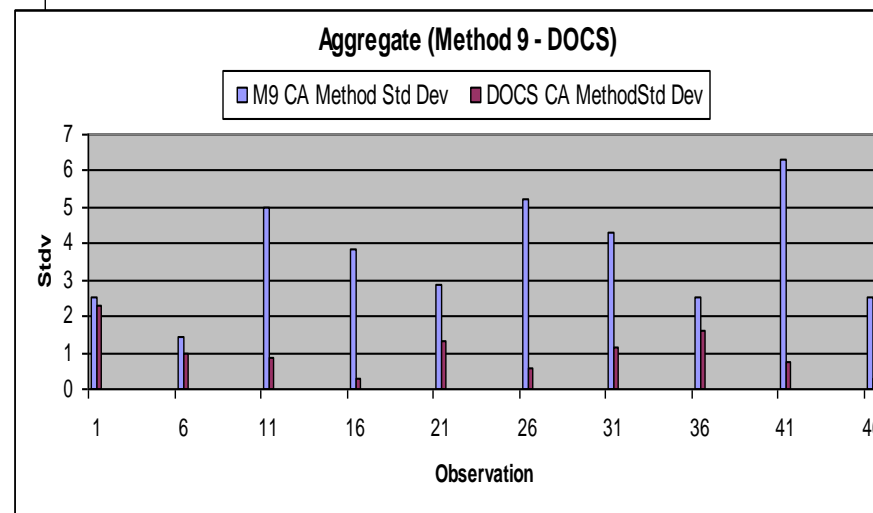
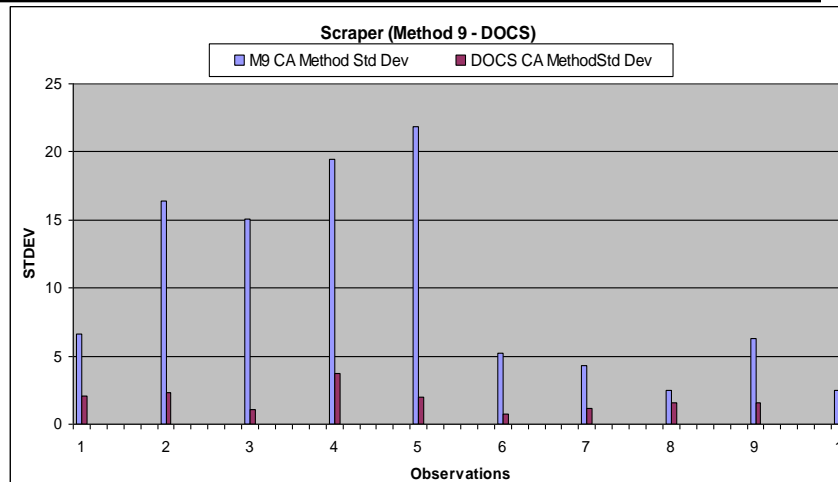


DOCS II Fugitive Emissions ODR Test 5 5 07



• Comparison, CA Road Dust Rules

- Event Start T=0 and End T=5 sec.
- Two Opacity Readings 0 and 5 sec
 - Average of two, equal opacity of event
- Event Starts at T=0 and End T=15 sec. Images Every 5 sec. (4 to set), first 2 to Compare to Human Readings all 4 Used for ODR calc.



Comparing High Variable M9 to Low Variable DOCS II Using Two Readings
Human Opacity Average Higher than DOCS II Average

DOCS II

Automating Method 9



- DOCS II Released to Final Testing 5-08
 - Images Validated from Header Record EXIF
 - Integrated GPS Locations
 - Integrated NOAA ‘Weather’
 - Streamlined User Interface
 - Integrated Solar Tables
 - Generated “Most Credible Evidence” argument based on Integrated Output from DOCS II





ASTM Standard D7520-09



Digital Camera Opacity Technique

- Performance Standard requiring same criteria as Method 9
- Software, Camera and Computer Model Certified in DCOT package
- Certification valid for 3.5 years (lifecycle of computer equipment)
- Operators required to know how to take images and document observation
- DCOT providers responsible for training



Lessons Learned--Risk Reduction



- Industry is significantly concerned with vetting technological solutions
- Method 9 had no perceived scale-up issues when moving from the certification platform to field application
- In contrast, tools based on the new ASTM standard require a significant body of data showing:
 - Certification success
 - Field success against in-stack transmissometers for various stack sizes and configurations

CAA 1990 Amendments, Section 113(e)(1):

Penalty calculation: “the duration of a violation is established by *any credible evidence*, including evidence other than that in the applicable test method”



Summary



- DOCS II aligns with most aspects of Method 9:
 - Smoke school certification
 - Certification records
- DOCS II certified to ASTM 7520-09 method
- DOCS II can be applied as an equivalent to Method 9
- DOCS II can be used as a field data acquisition support tool in conjunction with traditional human observations
- DOCS II sets a new standard for Credible Evidence in the Visible Emissions measurement.

CAA 1990 Amendments, Section 113(e)(1):

Penalty calculation: “the duration of a violation is established by *any credible evidence*, including evidence other than that in the applicable test method”



The Future of Visual Emissions Opacity Measurements & Data Collection



Handheld Real Time Climatic Sensor

- Handheld Data Collection Device for DOCS II Application
 - One Device Collects all Required Data
 - Error-Free Automated Data Collection
- Integrated Weather Meter, GPS, Rangefinder, & Camera
- Measures all Required Report Data including
 - Weather Conditions - Wind Speed, Wind Direction, Temperature, & Humidity
 - GPS Position Location, Sun Position, & Time
 - Distance to Target Missions Source
 - Digital Images of Visual Emissions & Source
- Creates Digital Reports in the Selected Format
- Only Works as an Upgrade with PC based DOCS II



Coming in 2011

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